ED Orthopedic Assessment: Pearls and Pitfalls

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This session will be recorded

- □ We are recording this Zoom session so that it can be watched again at your convenience, and so that we can share it with your colleagues who were not able to join us today.
- □ If you would prefer that this recording <u>not</u> be shared with your EM colleagues, please email <u>amcknight@ghem.ca</u> within 24 hours of the session.
- We will share the presentation slides and other materials (journal articles, etc.) by email; you will have access to all materials regardless of whether the recording is shared.

Global Health

Emergency Medicine

Please also note:

- □ The information in this presentation and the video recording is up to date as of the date it was recorded June 25, 2020
- □ It has not been updated to include any subsequent advances in practice, and the information presented in this video does not replace hospital, health centre, or governmental guidelines.





25 years







5 years

TAAAC-EM Ortho Talks

Upper Extremity Injuries

ED Ortho Assessment: Pearls

Lower Extremity Injuries

Pediatric Injuries

ED Decisions



Diagnosis

Management

Disposition

Keys to ED Ortho Diagnosis

History

Physical

• +/- X-rays

History, History, History

Mechanical vs. Medical fall

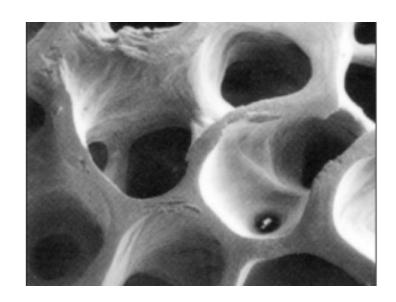
Younger



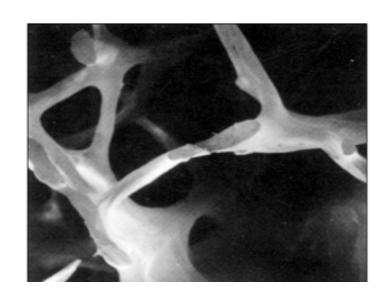
• Growth Plates

'Softer'

Older



Normal



Osteoporotic

From: Osteoporosis.ca

History, History, History

- Trauma
 - Forces involved
 - Mechanism of injury
 - Events after injury

The Patient

- Age
- Past Medical History
- Medications
- Previous Injury
- Vocation / Recreation

Physical

• 'Life, Limb, Wound'

Physical

X-ray Look, Feel, Move



On x-ray, most commonly missed fracture is?



Describing Fractures

- Open or closed
- Neurovascular deficits

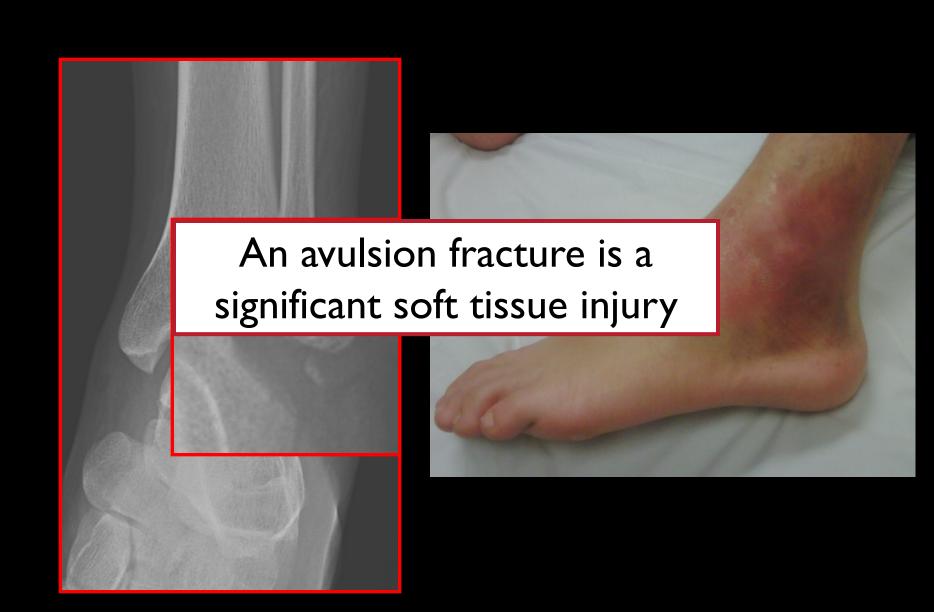
Describing Fractures

- Location / anatomic landmark
- Pattern
 - buckle, transverse, oblique/spiral, etc

Describing Fractures

- Displacement
- Angulation

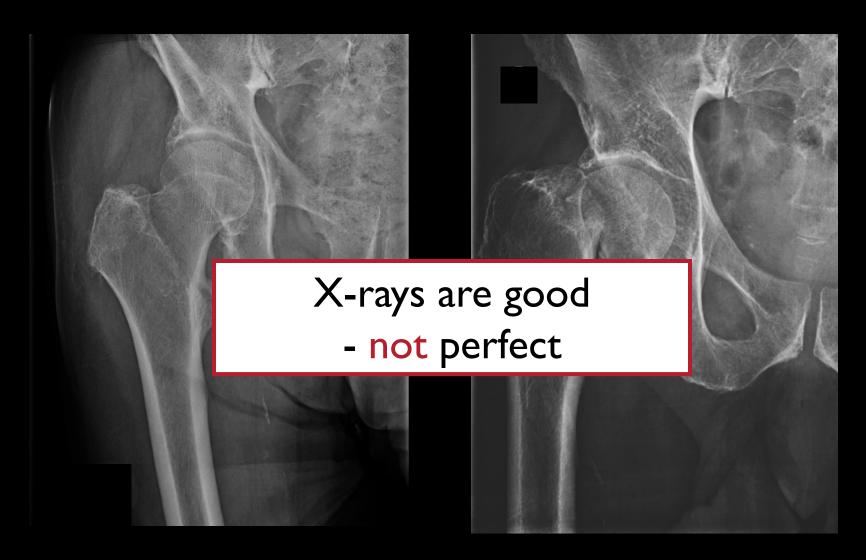
Apex Volarly Angulated Distal Fragment is Dorsally Angulated



68F Wrist pain after FOOSH Tender Distal Radius

4 weeks





Day 10







SCAReD OF

Septic

Compartment Syndrome

Abuse

Referred pain / Report is false

Dislocation / Subluxation

Operative Soft Tissue Injury

Fracture - occult

'Checklist' Fracture Severity

'Good'

Vs.

'Bad'



Comminuted

Joint Involved

Shifted

Spiral/Oblique



'Obtain and Maintain'

'Obtain' = Position

Is the position acceptable?

'Obtain and Maintain'

'Maintain' = Stability

Will the fracture shift?

ED Fracture Immobiliz'n

Plaster or Fiberglass

Fixed or Removable

Splint or Cast

Nothing

'Personality' of the Fracture







'Personality' of the Patient

ED Fracture Immobilization

Stable

Comfort + Protection

Unstable

Mildly

(Reduce) **Mold** + Close F/U (**Plaster** both sides of #)

Grossly

(Reduce) Splint

+ Surgery

Approach to ED Orthopedics

Emergency

Urgency

Needs follow-up

Emergency

(call at 2am)

'High-energy' pelvic # (hemorrhage)

Vascular compromise

Compartment syndrome

Emergency

(call at 2am)

- Infections
 - Septic joints (systemically ill)
 - Necrotizing fasciitis
 - Significant open fractures
- Displaced fracture with neuro deficit
- Particular fractures/dislocations

Urgency

(hold/inform)

- Septic joints (systemically well)
- Minor open fractures
- Operative fractures

Follow-up with Ortho

• 'Obtain and Maintain'

Summary

- History Injury details
- Physical Point of maximal tenderness
- Tests X-rays are good not perfect
- Manage 'Obtain and Maintain'
 - 'Personality of Fracture & Patient

Thank you!!!

